

RESOLUTION # 1: / Proposed by **Lithuania**/

EU member-states will agree by consensus to overtly support the prioritization and expedience of BALTSO synchronization of the ISPUPS System with the UCTE through HVDC land-connections at the border of Poland-Lithuania and underwater HVDC connections with Sweden. Support would include further direct supplemental EU funding subject to future negotiations as well as technical support that would represent a start to tangible implementation of plans to renovate existing infrastructure and construct new infrastructure necessary to the integration of BALTSO into the UCTE electrical grid.

RESOLUTION # 2: / Proposed by **Slovakia**/

Although the overall goal is to address a lowering in the demand of carbon-based energy imports, the EU still recognizes a need to continue to address fossil fuels until that renewable target is reached. The EU will agree to create a task force inside the European Commission, to review and facilitate the following proposal. The task force will identify specific countries toward which the EU has a collective energy policy, with intentions to increase the list of countries as the CEP develops.

1.1. Goal of inclusion of all countries that produce more than 4% of the EU imports and/or the top 2 import countries for each of the EU27 in carbon-based sectors by 2010.

1.2. Bilateral agreements would still be allowed for those that have yet to be identified.

1.3. A chief representative panel would be created in order to guide discussion for a temporary, 2-year period. After this period, the European Commission will set the agenda for discussion and immediately report back to the council for deliberations. During the 2-year period, any agreement would be subject to double majority voting. Additionally, the creation of the panel will comprise a nomination of two of the top three percentage holders, (e.g. country A imports 80%, country B imports 10%, country C imports 20%, and country D imports 40% of it's natural gas from country x, and countries A, B, and C would be the nomination) and QMV voting will yield the top two candidates for representatives. Additionally, the EU Presidency will become a third member to represent the broader EU goals.

1.4. The European Commission would enthusiastically encourage future energy agreements with identified countries to be conducted at the European Union level, with specific attention to consultation with the European Commission.

RESOLUTION # 3: /Proposed by **Czech Republic**/

The EU supports the membership of Russia in the WTO, and encourages Russia to meet the criteria set out by the WTO. The EU encourages the WTO to work closely with Russia and offers assistance to help Russia in joining in the near future.

RESOLUTION # 4: /Proposed by Poland & Luxemburg/

Creation of Strategic Natural Gas Reserves

Given the increased importance of natural gas in modern economies, and in light of the recent gas dispute between Russia and Ukraine, it is apparent that the establishment of strategic reserves of natural gas is pertinent to addressing the overall issue of energy security. The EU cannot control or prevent all possible disputes between supplier countries and conduit countries which result in the halting of supplies to the EU. This will allow for the continuation of industrial sectors which use natural gas as well as heat the homes of Europeans in times of crisis.

- Mandates the creation of Strategic Natural Gas Reserves by each member state by 2013
 - Minimum thirty day supply of natural gas including both domestic and industrial uses of natural gas in such calculation of estimated requirements
 - Annual verification of the maintenance of such reserves by the European Commission
 - Member states will be permitted to sign agreements with each other which share or pool strategic reserves in cases where they feel such pooling of reserves would be beneficial to them, or in the case that a country lacks the resources or infrastructure to house its reserves in its own territory
 - In cases where such agreements are established, the state in which the reserves are held shall not be permitted to withhold such reserves from the parties of said agreement or to use said reserves in coercive manner whatsoever what under any circumstances. This would be enforced by the European Commission.